

First Aid – Heat Related Emergencies

Heat cramps, exhaustion or stroke are caused by high temperatures or physical activity in warm envioronments.

Heat Cramps



WHAT TO DO

- Have the victim stop their activity
 & rest.
- Move to a cool location.
- Give water or saline solution to drink.
- Massage and stretch the muscle

HEAT EXHAUSTION



SIGNS & SYMPTOMS

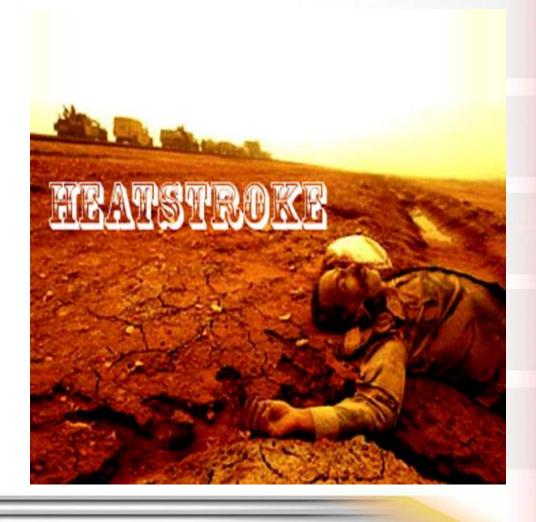
- Nausea
- Heavy sweating
- Rapid weak pulse
- Low blood pressure
- Cool, moist, pale skin
- Heat cramps
- Headache
- Fatigue



TREATMENT

- Get the person to shade or cool location.
- Lay the person down and elevate legs.
- Loosen/remove clothing.
- Have them drink cool water or other nonalcohol beverage without cafine.
- Cool by spraying or sponging with cool. water or fanning.
- Monitor the person carefully.

HEAT STROKE



MOST SEVERE

 What makes it the most severe is the body's normal mechanisms for dealing with heat stress, such as sweating and temperature control are inadequate.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS

- Markedly elevated body temperature.
- Changes in mental status.
- Skin hot & dry unless physically exerted.
- Rapid heartbeat.
- High or low blood pressure.
- Rapid and shallow breathing.
- Irritability, confused or unconsciousness.
- Feeling dizzy or light headed.
- Nausea/fainting.

If you suspect heat stroke

- Call 911, intravenous fluids are needed.
- Cool person by immersing in water to their chin.
- Or, cover them with damp cloth/clothes or spray with water.
- Do not try to force them to drink fluids, but they may drink if they have the desire.

COMPARE SYMPTOMS

HEAT EXHAUSTION

HEAT STROKE

- MOIST, CLAMMY SKIN
- NORMAL OR SUB-NORMAL BODY TEMPERATURE

- DRY, HOT SKIN
- VERY HIGH BODY TEMPERATURE.

Wilderness First Aid and Remote Pocket Guide

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